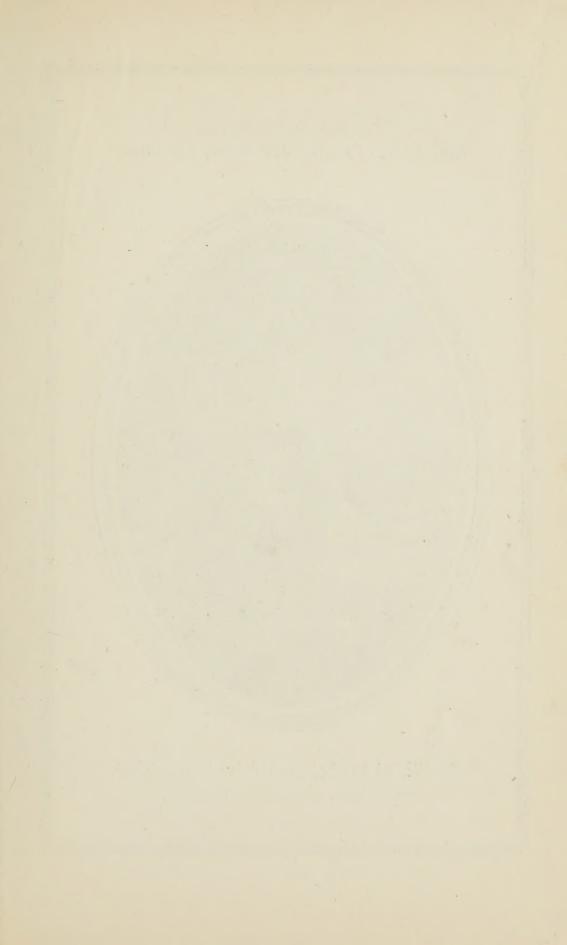


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Lettebrige #15. Soct Lettebrige #15. Soct Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2022 with funding from University of Toronto



Look, my children, how kind is God our father, for man.



Sâtsik, ni kosix, arsâbisiw Ispumitapi, K'innon, ekimmiw matapi.

# FIRST READER

IN THE

# ENGLISH AND BLACKFOOT

LANGUAGES,

WITH

#### PICTURES AND WORDS

PREPARED BY ORDER OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS FOR THE USE OF INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS,
AMONG THE BLACKFOOT TRIBES IN THE

NORTH WEST TERRITORIES.

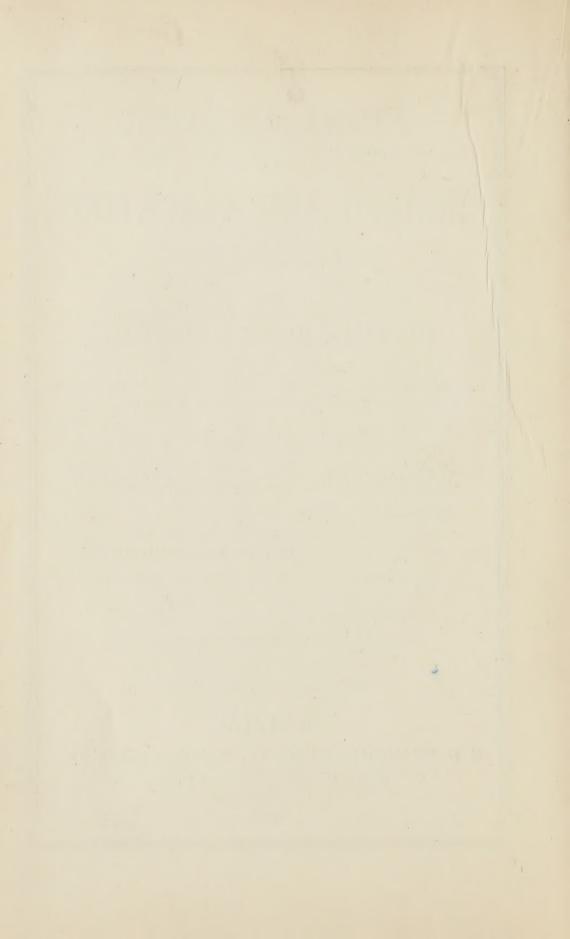
Esksinimâtsisin mark epowatorp sinâkisin.

When Nature teaches, it is sport to learn.

#### MONTREAL

C. O. BEAUCHEMIN & SON, Booksellers and Printers, Nos. 256 and 258 St. Paul Street.

т886



#### PREFACE.

The First Primer is based upon two principles: 1. That the Alphabet is best taught in Words; 2. That Words are best taught in and through Pictures.

The picture and then the symbol—that is the key-note to this book. But the words and the lessons have been selected and drawn up with a view to leave room for the Teacher to employ the method he considers the best in teaching the letters and their forces.

Those who prefer the *Alphabetic* Method will find the lessons arranged so as to suit them admirably. The presentation of the picture, and from that leading to the *word sign*, is the best way of teaching by the *Word Method*.

The fact that only one power of single letters is used, adapts this series perfectly to the *Phonic Method*, or the combined Word and Phonic Method.

It will be an *event* for the child to turn to a new page, as he will then find a new set of pictures and new symbols.

The single letters, in one and only one of their powers, are first taught; then the double letters — double vowels and double consonants, initial and final.

We think advisable that first the *names* of the letters should be taught and the spelling.

Spell the words and look at the pictures.

# OBJECT OF THE BOOK.

The object of this book in English and Blackfoot is especially to aid the Dakotas in learning to read and understand the English Language. To them our language is very difficult of acquisition. Many have undertaken to learn it and failed, or succeeded only to a limited extent. While in our efforts to civilize and evangelize the Blackfoot people, we have rightly placed education in their own tongue first, as most needed and most fruitful in results, we are also fully aware of the great advantages to them of a knowledge of English, and this book is prepared to help them to overcome the difficulties in their own way.

#### TO THE READER.

This book has been prepared especially to a want, in helping Blackfeet to learn the English language. If, at the same time it helps any white man to make such progress in the language of the natives as to increase his usefulness, the author of the book will derive a double benefit.

Nitsokowâwex, ekâkimâk eskiskâtsîk anork k'ark arsâpe itapippowaw. Sinâkisin kipanistchi eskisinik. Taka îköy kit ayark ispomokkowaw arsiw kamotân ke mokâkisin. Mâtiskonatâpi, ekâkimâninoweniki, matisammo kit iskisinippowaw. Akomidjimâk sinâkisin, kennaye mokâkisin kit ayark okristimmâwaw.

A. L.



#### THE BLACKFOOT ALPHABET

EXPLANATIONS FOR THE USE AND VALUE OF THE LETTERS EMPLOYED IN WRITING BLACKFOOT WORDS.

I°—NUMBER OF THE LETTERS: A B C D E G H I K M N O P R S T U W X Y.

2°—The sound of letters. A is sometimes long, with the accent Λ, as in Nâtos, the sun. Being final, it is always long, as N'inna, my father. When A is not final and without accent, it is understood that it is brief, as anork, to-day; Matapi, some body.

B very seldom used, P being mostly sounded.

D very seldom used, T being the principal sound.

E pronounce as in french, always long as: *Kennaye*, it is so; *Emani*, that's true.

G not much used, K being the sound always employed.

H for aspirations, as: mahestow, a crow.

I to be used as in: will, wind, is, &c., with the french sound

v. q. Ounnikis, milk; Tsanistapi? what is that?

K always used, v. g. newokiskam, three; poxapuk, come.

M as *Mâtoyis âwatom*, he eats hay; *Amo*, this, that.

N Nâtoyé, divine; ânisin, word.

O as in Sepistow, an owl; oûm, her husband; koniskow, there issnow.

P Ponokamita, a horse; keppo, ten.

\* M and N final sound as in the english, amen, him, upon, bosom.

R used only after a vowel: as, ârsiw, fine; sarkomâpi, a boy. It is very seldom used otherwise, as in kristiköy the day; okrist, his mother.

S as Sâpikitsorsâtis, a ring.

T as Payottaw, a bird; Emita, a dog.

U pronounce always ou, as in bull, pull; very seldom used

W as owaw, an egg; nâmow, a bee.

X exiniw, a pig; akex, women.

Y nanoyew, he sees him; nâpi-oyis, a house.

N. B.—The teacher must be very careful about the pronounciation of the indian words. A little deviation from the accent will give quite another meaning to what you mean and sometime cause great blunders.



ABCD E F G H I JKLMN Q R S P TUV XYZ

a b c d e f g h jklmn p q r S tuvw X V Z

#### SCRIPT ALPHABET.

1 B C Q E G A J A L A OPQRS V W 96 abede fghij klmnopgrs tuv w x y z 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 1,000 1,000,000.

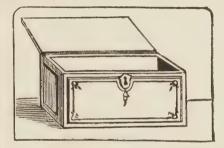
# PART FIRST

ETOME AYAKETSINIOTAKISIN

#### LESSON I

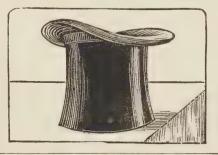
ETOM ESKSINIMATSISIN

(What is it?) Tsânistapi? (Answer.)
Potsipohorsin.



a box

Mistisokayîs



a hat

Stsimokân



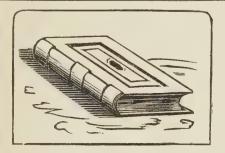
a cup

Kôs

LESSON II

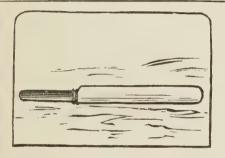
Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



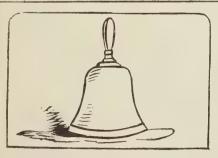
a book

Spiksinâkisin



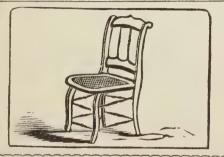
a knife

Stowan



a bell

Sahetsikitân



a chair

Assopâtis

#### LESSON III

Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



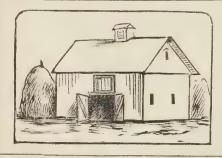
a boy

Sarkomâpi



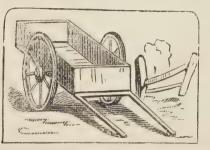
a girl

Akekowan



a barn

Napayenisimân-oyis



a cart

Skitsis-enakâs

# LESSON IV

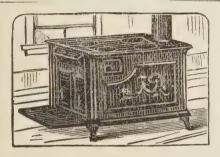
Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



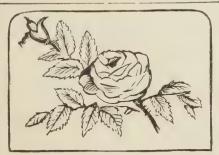
a house

Nâpi-oyis



a stove

Mikiskimi-potân



a rose

Kiniw



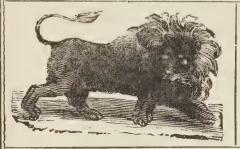
a horse

Ponokamita

#### LESSON V

Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



a lion Omakkatayo

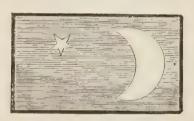


a buffalo

Iyinihwa

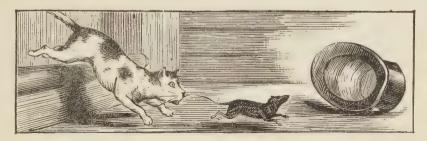


an eagle Pîta



the moon
Kokomikesom
a star
Kâkatosew

#### LESSON VI



a cat. a rat. a hat.
Pous. Misorpiske. Stsimokân.

The cat sees the rat. Pous nânoyew misorpiskewaye.

The rat runs into the hat. Misorpiske aokskâsiw pistortsh stsimokân.

#### LESSON VII





an egg. a pen. a hen. owaw. mamin itesinâkiôpi. nitowâke.

Ten eggs. Three hens. Two pens. Keppo owests. newokiskam- natokam itesi-nitowâkex. nakiopi.

The hen has ten eggs.
Nitowâke otsinân keppo owests.



#### LESSON VIII



a pig. Exiniw.

nit'enowaw. mami. kôs etsikeitsiw.





a fish. a chick.

Mami. nitowâke poka. I see a fish in a dish.

The pig is big and fat.
Exiniw omarkimiw he awâporsiw.

#### LESSON







an ox. a dog. a fox. a box. apôtskina. emita. otâtoyew. assokayis. The ox is fat. the box is big. Apotskina awaporsiw. assokayis omarko.

The dog will catch the fox. Emita ayak eyinniw otâtoyewaye.

LESSON X

Containing the words in the previous Lessons.

|       | 1     |       |
|-------|-------|-------|
| eagle | cat   | horse |
| barn  | chair | house |
| bell  | ċow   | knife |
| lion  | cup   | OX    |
| book  | dog   | rose  |
| box   | girl  | stove |
| boy   | hat   | tree  |
| cart  | hen   | moon  |

#### LESSON XI



That is my dog on the log.

Amo n'otâs mistis itorkitapiw.

He looks at a frog. Asammiw matsikapissewaye.

# LESSON XII







a Pup. a cup. a tub. Emita-ekowan. kôs. assoyin.

The pup will eat out of the cup. Emita-ekowan ayakorts oyiw kôs.

> The tub is not big. Assoyin mâtomarko.

#### LESSON XIII







a sheep. a baby. a deer. apomarkikina. Papous ayokaw. Ponoka.

I see a deer near the hill.

Nit'enowaw ponoka nitommo etaports.

The sheep feed on the grass.

Apomarkikina awatom matoyis.

#### LESSON XIV







The maid is milking the cow. Akekowan ixipoyinniw apotskina-skeiniwaye.

They are making hay.

Matapix apistotsimmiyaw matoyis.

This fish is after a fly.

Amo mami awakoyew soskrissewaye.

#### LESSON XV







a bow. a river. a crow. nitsinamäy. niyetartäy. mahestow.

I saw a crow on the tree. nits-innowa mahestow mistis otsitâpippi.

> This river is deep. Amo niyetartäy immiw.

The water is fine. arsiw. orki

when you work, when you play, think the Lord is near.

Apawtakiniki, ekowaniniki, aniste-itsittât, Apistotokiw astsiw.

# LESSON XVI

Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



a steamboat



a clock itekristikomiôp



an axe



a bear keyow



mountain sheep omarkikina



a boot matsikin

#### LESSON XVII

What is it?

I. The



eats grass and potatoes.

2. The



eats hay and oats.

3. The



eats grass.

4. The



eats grass and turnips.

5. The



eats oats and wheat.

6. The



eats meat and bones.

7. The



eats mice.

8. The



eats cab-bage and roots.

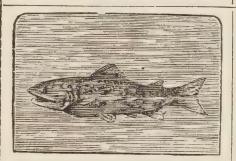
#### THE SAME LESSON

#### Tsânistapi?

- 1. Mâtoyis ke Matak âwatom.
- 2. Mâtoyis ke mâtoyenisimân âwatom.
- 3. Mâtoyis âwatom.
- 4. Mâtoyis ke mâsix âwatom.
- 5. Mâtoyenisimân ke napayinisimân âwatom.
- 6. Ekrisaköy ke orkists âwatom.
- 7. Kanaskinax âwatom.
- 8. ——— Seyopoxinisimân âwatom.

# LESSON XVIII Tsânistapi? Potsipohorsin.

a brown elk
sikassokkoyew sikitissow
a tame elk
sikitissow ekkiyaw



a spotted fish sissakk-omiw large spotted fish omarkimiw sissakkomiw



a black dog
sik-omita
the black dog
barks
emita sixkinam aorkiw



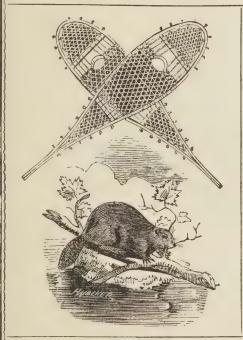
an old man, napiw the good old man walks

arsâpitapiw nâpiw apowawarkaw

#### LESSON XIX

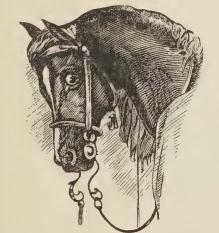
Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



two snow shoes natokam awâmists

the beaver eats
wood
kikkistakew awatom
mistis



a horse head ponokamita otokân

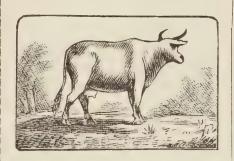
a bridle iskoyepistâtis

Snow-shoes. Beaver. Horse-head.

#### LESSON XX

Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.

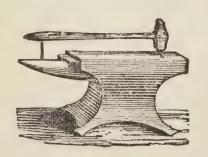


a red cow

assokkoyew apotskinaskeiniw



a big tree
o markimiw mistis
it is a maple-tree
kennaye pâxipah



an anvil and a hammer

itetsisipixoôp ke itepixoôp

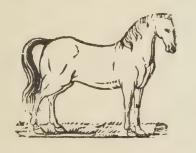
# LESSON XXI

Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



a store itorpomâop-oyis a big store omakko itorpomâop-oyis



a white horse âpiw ponokamita



a big buffalo bull's head stamik otokân

Store.

Horse. Buffalo

#### LESSON XXII

Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



duck sâhew
the duck is flying off
sâhew ittâwaniw



a nest pikkisse-oyis
a big nest lays on
the branch
o marko-pikkisse-oyis iteitsiw mistis



small birds såhe-pokax two small birds are leaving the nest nåtokam såhe-pokax skitsimmiyaw okowa



two deers
natokam ponokax
the deers are fighting
ponokax awakawatsiyaw

LESSON XXIII

Containing the words in the previous lessons.

| bow   | fox     | fly       |
|-------|---------|-----------|
| river | rat     | maid      |
| crow  | egg     | boot      |
| frog  | pen     | bear      |
| tub   | buffalo | wagon     |
| pig   | sheep   | hand      |
| fish  | baby    | clock     |
| chick | deer    | steamboat |

## LOWER-CASE LETTERS.

#### ROMAN AND SCRIPT.

| cow                      | tree           | man         |
|--------------------------|----------------|-------------|
| c o w<br>apotskina-skei- | tree           | m a n       |
| box                      | kid            | fish        |
| $b \circ x$              | k i d          | fish        |
| mistisokayis             | awâkâssiw<br>• | mamiw       |
| top  top                 | jug<br>jug     | quill quill |
| kitorts                  | sokokotosköy   | mamin       |

all you do, all you say God sees and hears

etsinika kit ânistotsip, etsinika kit awanistorp, Apistotokiw nânim ke ayortsim.

## Exercise

To secure rapidity and accuracy in finding and pronouncing words.

| O                    | and    | letter | very   | О |
|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|---|
| p                    | bears  | on     | water  | P |
| q                    | fine   | owl ·  | wild   | Q |
| r                    | fruit  | store  | wolf   | R |
| S                    | gray   | pretty | nest   | S |
| t                    | goose  | quill  | letter | T |
| u                    | garden | anvil  | water  | U |
| V                    | axe    | ship   | garden | V |
| W                    | howls  | talks  | violet | W |
| X                    | in     | this   | very   | X |
| } y_                 | it     | clock  | pretty | Y |
| $\left.\right\}$ $Z$ | jug    | violet | horse  | Z |

# LOWER-CASE LETTERS. ROMAN.

| ROMAN.            |            |              |  |
|-------------------|------------|--------------|--|
| C O W             | a b        | kid          |  |
| apotskina-skeiniw | c d<br>e f | awâkâssiw    |  |
| box               | gh         | man          |  |
| mistisokayis      | i j        | ninna        |  |
| top               | k l        | jug          |  |
| kitorts           | m n<br>o p | sâkokotosköy |  |
| tree              | q r        | fish         |  |
| mistis            | s t        | mamiw        |  |
| quill             | u v<br>w x | dog          |  |
| mamin             | у z        | emita        |  |

#### LESSON XXIV

Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



a big eagle

omaxipîta

the eagle is strong iskonatâpiw pîta ke minikxiw



a warrior

it is a bad thing
mâtarsiw sohorsin

Ye, all men, love each other. Kristowa, kanetapix, akomimmiyuk.

#### LESSON XXV

I. This is a black bear. Amo sik-orkeayow.



2. It is not a lamb.

Mât-emarkikina-poka.

- 3. It looks ugly. Iskenam.
- 4. He is chained to the pole? Stawtakisin sokopisâtis omortesxipistaw.
- 5. Can he climb the pole? Kata ikot-âmisatom stâwtakisin.
- 6. Yes, he can climb to the top. Heîn, omarkitsipi ikot-amisatom.
- 7. I will not go near the bear. Keayow ni mâtastokkowaw.

## LESSON XXVI

Tsânistapi?

Potsipohorsin.



an indian camp.

etokekayaw nitsitapix.

a large tent.

omarkokip.



the indians are poor.

nitsitapix kimmatâpisiyaw.

they don't know the religion.

mât'iskisinimiyaw atsimohikkân

## REVIEW READING LESSON.

Arkiy-assatsisin esksinimatsisin.

| a good boy<br>arsiw sarkomâpiw                  | the boy runs sarkomâpiw aokskâsiw           |
|---|---|
| a small girl<br>enak-akekowan                   | the girl plays akekowan ekowaniw            |
| a red cow<br>assokkoyew apotskina-<br>skeiniw   | the cow walks apotskina-skeiniw apowawarkaw |
| a black dog<br>sikomita                         | the elk eats sikitissow ahoyiw              |
| a spotted fish sissak-omiw                      | the lamb skips omarkikina-poka orpeipiw     |
| a brown horse<br>sik-assokkoyew pono-<br>kamita | the man reads ninna assâtsim sinâki- sin    |
| a white lamb apomarkikina-poka                  | the baby cries enaxipoka awâseniw           |

#### LESSON XXVII

This is a wild deer.

Amoya nitapi-ponoka.



It has two large horns.
Nâtokam omarko otsestartsimân.

It cannot fly.

Mâts-epottaw.

But it can run very fast. Ke ixka iskonatâpiw otsokskâsin

It has four feet.

Nisorkatsiw.

# LESSON XXVIII.—REVIEW.

| are    | draws | iron  | see   |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| away   | eggs  | lamp  | top   |
| boat   | every | me    | tin   |
| breast | fur   | no    | table |
| but    | fly   | not   | they  |
| cap    | four  | on    | tub   |
| can    | found | pail  | to    |
| car    | feet  | rides | two   |
| calf   | fast  | robin | very  |
| comes  | glass | round | was   |
| do     | hand  | run   | wash  |
| does   | has   | sled  | wagon |
| day    | hoop  | row   | wire  |
| deer   | horns | stand | you   |



That man is happy.

He is teaching his children.

The good mother is near and encourage them.

She has a good heart.

She loves her husband and her children.

Amo matapi itâmawpiw.

Iskisinamâtsiw okosix.

Arsokristimmaw astsi itawpiw, ekâkimatsiw.

Arsoskitsipappi.

Akomimmiw oummi nitöy okosix.

#### LESSON XXIX



- I. Birds in a nest,Nest up-on a tree;Un-der moth-er's breast,Warm as warm can be!
- 2. Moth-er keeps you warm, Fa-ther brings you food, Safe with-in your nest, Hap-py little brood!

- Piksex oyis itsipistawpiyaw,
   Oyis mistis itorkeitsiw
   Okristiwa otsikinnistotokiyaw
   Ixka ekinniw
- 2. Ki kristiwa kitsikinnistotokiyaw
  Kinnowa ahorsin kitsipoxapiportomokiyaw
  Pists'oyis kit'arsâpippowaw
  Itamâpisix piksepokax



#### LESSON XXX

Four nice looking horses. Nisoyim anatsinamix ponokamitax.



These are my horses.

Amoxix n'otâsix.

They are all good horses.

Kanne arsomitax

#### LESSON XXXI

- One horse is black,
  One horse is bay,
  One horse is white,
  And one is gray.
- Nitokiskam ponokamita sikimiw Ke tokskam assokkoyew Nitokiskam âpiw Ke tokskam sikapi-okkoyew.
- One horse is short,
  One horse is tall,
  One horse is large,
  The other small.
- Nitokiskam ponokamita sarkisiw,
   Ke tokskam spisiw,
   Nitokiskam omarkimiw,
   Ke tokskam enakimiw.

#### LESSON XXXII



When the day is over.
 When tea-time has come
 Two fine cows walk slowly home.

2. They stop by the bars And switch their tails,
Till the girls bring out
Their milking pails.

#### THE SAME LESSON

1. Exohusse kristiköy.

Otayak-otaxhoyop nâtokam arsiw apotskina-skeinix ekkinarkayiyaw okowa.

2. Nitsipiskan ketsim itâpiyaw, ke orsoyists awanistotsimmiyaw, kenne akekowex poxapiportommiyaw assoyists marxixipoyinnissaw.



#### LESSON XXXIII

I see a white house. Nit-ênip xixinatsiw nâpi-oyis.



This house is made of wood. Amo nâpi-oyis mistis itsitâpestotsip.

I see a large tree. Nit-enowa omark-istis.

This tree stands by the house.

Amo mistis nâpi-oyis. etâpitsepoyew

I see a gray cat.
Sotarpisiksinam pous nit-enowa.

The cat is on the house. Pous napi-oyis itork-itawpiw.

I see a black bird.
Siksinam sestsiw nit-enowa.

The bird is on the tree.

Sestsiw mistis kayetsâwpiw

Do you see the cat, the bird, the house and the tree.

Ki kata enowâwex pous, sestsiw nâpi-oyis, mistis?

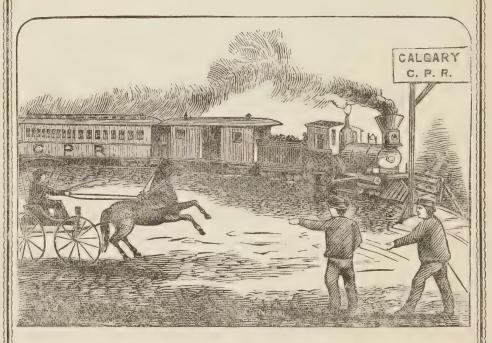
Do you see the boy and the girl? Ki kata enowâwex sarkomâpi ke akekowan.

They are looking at the cat and the bird.

Assammiyaw pous ke sestsiw.

#### LESSON XXXIV

- I. Look! the cars are coming. Sâtsit! istsi-enakâs epoxapoyaw.
- 2. They come very fast. Ixka-ekkami-poxapoyaw.
- 3. They come from Winnipeg. Mikutsitartay omortsipoxapoyaw.



- 4. The cars are full of people. Matapix itortoyitsiyaw enakâsix.
- 5. Let us go to the depot. Konnê-etâpoôp istsi-enakâs-api-oyis.

6. Look! Did you see that? That horse came near turning the buggy over.

Sâtsit! ki kata-enip ânistapi? Amo ponokamita aomâtemorpatom enakâs.

7. He is afraid of the cars.

Astonnim istsi-enakâs.

8. This is the mail train. Father expects a letter to-day from Uncle George.

Amo sinâkisist aotsiportom istsi-enakâs. Ninna astaw nitotonni George sinâkisin ayarkiteitsiw.

9. Uncle George lives in Winnipeg. He is coming here.

George nitotonni Winnipeg itsipê êtâpiw. Annom ayark otow.

10. Let us go to the post-office.

Konne etâpaôp nâpi-oyis, sinâkisist otsitstortopiyaw.

#### LESSON XXXV

I. Howard and Mary ride on horses.

Howard ke Mary ponokamitax itorkitopiyaw.



- 2. These are their ponies. Amoxix otâsiwâwex.
- 2. It is now evening. Kaye-aotakow.
- 3. The ponies hold up their heads and are glad.

Ponokamitax sporkiyâpiksoyaw, arsitakiyaw.

#### THE SAME LESSON

- I. Howard is on the bay pony. Howard assokkoyew itorkitopiw.
- 2. He says the bay one is his. Assokkoyew, N'otâs, awâniw.
- 3. Mary rides the black pony. Mary sikimiw itorkitopiw.
- 4. She likes the black one best. Sikimiw otakomitsimaw.
- 5. They all look very grand. Ixka omarkimmiyaw.
- 6. These children take very good care of their ponies.

Amoxix pokax arsiw eskiskammiyaw otasiwâwex.

7. They feed them, and water them, and brush them.

Ayesoyeyaw, ke esimmipiyaw ke esostinetoyeyaw.

## LESSON XXXVI

These children have come to see their grandmother.

Amoyaw pokax eporsapokrisâwatsiyaw maharsiwa.



Their grandmother is glad, and comes to meet them.

Maharsiwa arsitakiw eporsâpototsimmiwex.

#### LESSON XXXVII

I. Here are John and Howard, and Jane and Anna.

Amoyaw John ke Howard, Jane ke Anna.

2. They have come to visit their grandmother.

Eporsâp'ékrisâwatsiyaw Maharsiwa.

3. She is very glad to see her grand-children.

Ixka arsitakiw m'arxinowars osokosix.

4. If they were bad children she would not be glad to see them.

Awâtsâpisissaopi, istsâ-arsitakitopi.

- 5. The children are much pleased. Pokax îkoy itâmêtakiyaw.
- 6. And the dog is pleased also. Emita itsike itâmêtakiw.

## LESSON XXXVIII.—REVIEW.

| almost   | ears    | mice     | shine  |
|----------|---------|----------|--------|
| be       | enjoy   | must     | sleek  |
| beds     | evening | mother   | sleep  |
| bite     | feed    | near     | stay   |
| both     | glad    | never    | spots  |
| brush    | grand   | own      | sits   |
| before   | have    | pleased  | strike |
| care     | happy   | peacock  | take   |
| came     | home    | pony     | those  |
| calls    | hold    | ponies   | tries  |
| come     | heads   | prettier | touch  |
| clean    | just    | rabbits  | than   |
| coats    | look    | ripe     | think  |
| clover   | loves   | seem     | too    |
| children | make    | seems    | well   |
| cunning  | meat    | saw      | yes    |

## LESSON XXXIX.-REVIEW.

Anna any bad bay bear best basket brother climb corn count chained children Howard plate dish driving ever

eats feeds feeding floor full gave gentle sister grapes grow ground goats had horses hens hurt

John Mary Jane kind looking makes melons near nor other out pet pole pick peaches SO soft

sight sisters some tall taking that these throws trees ugly up vines way will with wool where

#### ANOTHER LESSON

Istsike iskisinonâtsisin.

a e i o u

ba be bi bo bu
ca ce ci co cu
da de di do du

ah am an as at ax he me be we ye if in it is oh on or ox of up us

hat read back day
chair high good boy
name head school soon

This boy's name is George. He sits on a chair. His hat is on his head. The chair has a high back. George reads the news. George is a good boy. He goes to school ev-er-y day. He will soon learn to write.

Is it he? No, it is not he.
Is it an ox? Yes, it is an ox.
My ox is in. Oh, go to my pa.
Is it he or is it I? It is he.
Ah, it is my ma! Let us go up.
See, he is up! Oh, let us go, too!
May we go? Yes, you may go.
Oh, ho!

He is up to me. Is he so! Yes, he is. Do so to us. Be it so.

at the and here girl name by are two book Ann stands see has boy looks John George

Herearetwo boys, John and George The girl's name is Ann. John has a book.

The boys look at the book. Ann sits by John.

#### LESSON XL

| see    | try   | her   | say   |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| face   | play  | snow  | cold  |
| sign   | ball  | long  | boot  |
| rain   | love  | hand  | feet  |
| tail   | look  | warm  | sign  |
| ring   | wash  | head  | rain  |
| catch  | they  | has   | the   |
| thread | black | white | think |

See puss. See her wash her face. They say it is a sign of rain for puss to wash her face. Puss looks at her long tail. She thinks it is very fine. It has black and white rings on it. Kit plays with a ball of thread. She loves to play. She will play all the day. See her try to catch the ball

Do you see the fly? Is it a fly? Yes, it is a big one.

Let us kill the fly. Oh, no; we must not kill the fly.

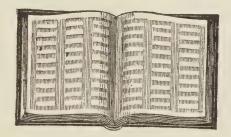
Put a pin in the fly. No, no; put no pin in the fly.

I am on a nag. Have you no nag? Ride on my nag. Ho! be near me! He is on his nag.

Poor Will has gone to sleep. See how still he lies. Don't touch him. If you do, you will wake him up. There! he is a-wake. Rock him. There, be still now, for he has gone to sleep again. Now, let us go to our play, and leave the poor boy to take his rest. Mary and George love the baby very much.

#### LESSON XLI





#### HOLY BIBLE.

NATOYÉ-SINAKISIN.

The Bible is the book of God.

It is the word of God.

Look on the book and think of the law of God.

Natoyé sinâkisin, annayé Ispumitapi K'innôn, o sinâkisin.

Kenni omakatose otsipohorsin.

Sâtsit amo sinâkisin ke Apistotokiw asriw anitsimmis.



God, after he had made all things, created the first man, Adam and the first woman, Eve. Omakotose, etsinika otekristapistotsis, sakohots apistotöyew matometapix Adam ke Eve

# PART SECOND

ESTOKE-AYAKETSINIOTAKISIN.

In how many days, did God create the world?

He was six days in creating all things. On the seventh day, he rested.

Where is God?

He is every where, in heaven and on earth.

Tsânitso kristikosts Apistotokiw otsitapawtakiw, markristâpistotsis etsinikâpi?

Nawo kristikosts otsitâpawtakiw, anni ekitsika kristikos, awmawpiw.

Tsima itâpiwâts Apistotokiw?

Motöy itâpiw, sports ke sawtatsis tsarköy. Can we see God?

No, we can not see him, because he is a pure spirit.

What was the name of the first man?

His name was Adam.

What was the name of the first woman?

Eve, was her name.

Is all mankind coming from these two?

Kat'enowâwâts A-pistotokiw?

Sa, mâtenowâwâts, taka mâtostomiwâts.

Tså inikatawåts måtomeitapi ninna?

Adam anistaw.

Tsânistawâts mâtomâkew?

Eve otsinikâsim.

Amoxix natoketapix otokkonnakossiwâwe-xaw matapix?

Yes, we all come from these two persons.

How has God created the first man?

He made his body of mud and he gave it a soul.

How did he create the woman?

He took a ribb from the man's breast, to form the body of the first woman.

Why did the

Enh, annixâok mortetsipokâyiyaw konnêtapix.

Tsa itanistsiwâts Omakâtose matomôts ninna, markâpistotowars?

Tsarköy mort âpistotomoyew ostom, anni itorkôtsîw otak.

Omakatose tså itånistapistotoyewåts matomåkew?

Ninna orpikis måtsim nitokiskam, anni mortåpistotoyew måtomåkew.

Arsâts omortsipor-

Lord made the world?

To be known, to be loved, to be served and so to be seen, after death.

tokipi tsarkom Apistotokiw.

Arkeskisinowars, ark akomimmars, arkapawtamowars, kennimayé ark otsiniwars îhnioki.



## DECALOGUE.

THE TEN COMMANDMENTS OF GOD.

Omakatose otokâkitsimânists.

- I. Iam the Lord, thy God, thou shalt not have strange gods before me.
- 2. Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord, thy God, in vain.
- 3. Remember that you keep holy the Sabbath day.
- 4. Honour thy 4. K'inna, ki krista mi-

- 1. Nitsitapi Ispumitapi, Apistotokiw nitokiskam kit ayak atosemataw.
- 2. Pinokâkitsimâtiss Apistotokiw, pinatokâkitsimatot otapistotakisists.
- 3. Natöye-kristikosse, pinâpowtakit, kâxinispâtsimohikkât.

father and thy mother.

- 5. Thou shalt not kill.
- 6. Thou shalt not commit adultery.

7. Thou shalt not steal.

- 8. Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour.
- 9. Thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's wife.
- not covet thy neighbour's goods.

- ni karkânistotosaw, kark isâmitapiwâse.
- 5. Pini inikit, pinistât kark inikisse.
- Pinoxâpisit, pinoxâpitsittât.
- 7. Pini kamosit, pininânatot kamosin.
- Pini sayepitsit, pini aokâpi-simimmis.
- Ninna ke Akew nitokâpoximotsiyik, pinoketsitapotoyitsittâk.
- 10. Pini pistsikâpisinâkit.

## SMALL VOCABULARY.

## Nitsitapi-pohorsists.

God.

The Lord.

Heaven.

Hell.

Earth-globe.

Man-kind.

Man.

Woman.

Boy.

Girl.

Old man.

Old woman.

The air.

Fire.

Water.

Ice.

Wind, it winds.

Snow, it snows.

Rain, it rains.

Hail, it hails.

Sea.

River.

Lake.

Wood, forest.

Prairie.

Winter.

Spring.

Summer.

Fall.

It is cold.

O makatôse, or, Ispumitapi.

Apistotokiw

Sports, or, Ispumitapi okowa.

Omak-istsi, or, makâbatôse okowa.

Tsarkoum, kaneskxarkoy.

Kanetapix, matapix.

Ninna.

Akew.

Sarkomâpi.

Akekowan.

Nâpiw.

Kepitâkew.

Asetamisin.

Istsi.

Orki.

Sokokotow.

Sopow, esopow.

Potaw, epotaw.

Sotaw, esotaw.

Sâkow, esâkow.

Motoyorki.

Nivetartay.

Omaxikimi.

Mistis, atsowâskoy.

Sawki.

Stoyew.

Motow.

Nepow.

Mokow.

Stoyew.

It is warm.
It is cloudy.
The thunder.
The lightning.

Day. Night.

The morning. The evening. Mid-night.

Mid-day.
The sun.

The moon.

The moon.

The sky.

A day.

One instant. To-day.

Yesterday.
To-morrow.

Sunday.

Amekristoyew.

Asokristikoy.

Kristikumix.

Epopôm.

Kristikoy.

Kokoy. Kiskanatonni.

Atakus.

Tatsikars kokoy.

Tatsikars kristikoy.

Nâtôs.

Kokomikesum.

Kakatosex.

Sports.

Nitokiskam kristikoy.

Pistikoy, or, mâtisammo.

Anork.
Matonni.

Apinakûs.

Natoye kristikoy.

Gold.

Silver.

Tin. Lead.

Iron.

Otekim.

Mikiskim, or, itepommaôp.

Itesapistako, istakiop.

Awâxopeskim.

Mikiskim.

Red.

Yellow.

Green. Blue.

White.

Black.

Mikotsinam.

Otsimmiw.

Komoniw.

Otisâwenam.

Xixinatsiw.

Sikxinam.

Fine day. Bad day. Dry. Wet.

Warm. Cool.

Cold.

Windy. Stormy.

Foggy.

Arsiw kristikoy.

Aso kristikoy.

Kisoyiw.

Iparhkow,

Amekristoyew.

Sto-sopow.

Stoyew.

iyikisopow.

Makâepiw.

Isenatsiw.

One.

Two.

Three.

Four. Five.

Six.

Seven.

Eight.

Nine.

Ten.

Eleven. Twelve.

Thirteen.

Fourteen.

Fifteen.

Sixteen.

Seventeen.

Eighteen.

Nineteen.

Twenty.

Thirty. Forty.

Fifty.

Sixty.

Nitokiskam, or, sîh.

Natokam.

Newokiskam,

Nisovim.

Nisitsi.

Nâwoh.

Ikitsika.

Nâniso.

Pikkiso.

Keppo.

Keppo nitsikopoto.

Keppo nâtsikopoto.

Keppo nekopoto.

Keppo nisikopoto.

Keppo nisitsikopoto.

Keppo náwokopoto.

Keppo ikitchikekopoto.

Keppo nânisikopoto.

Keppo pikkisikopoto.

Nâtsippo.

Neppo.

Nisippo.

Nisitsippo.

Nawoppo.

Seventy. Eighty. Ninety.

One hundred. Two hundred. One thousand.

Two thousands.

Ikitsikeppo.

Nânisippo.

Pikkisippo. Kepippo.

Nâtokepippo.

Kepipippo.

Nâtoke kepipippo.

West.

North. South.

East.

Mortopistakapippi.

Apatosorts.

Amiskâports.

Omorta-otamiskarpi.

Flour.

Bread.

Water.

Meat.

Soup.

Wine. Drink.

Beef.

Mutton.

Pork.

Game.

Fish.

Potatoes.

Sugar.

Milk.

Cream.

Coffee.

Tea.

Butter.

Fruit. Eggs.

Napayin.

Napeyiketân.

Orki.

Ekrisako.

Akôpis.

Mini-orki.

Simmisin.

Apotskina-ekrisakiso.

Omarkikina-ekrisako,

Exini-osakk.

Sahex.

Mami.

Matak.

Nâpiniwân.

Ounnikis.

Ounnikipomis.

Orkotoxisixikimi.

Sixikimi.

Ounnikipomis.

Minists.

Owests.

Table cloth.

Knife.

Fork.

Spoon.

Plate.

Salt.

Pepper.

Vinegar.

Bottle.

Ite soyôp. Stowan.

Enorksoyis.

Kôs.

Stsixipoko.

Epistarkepoko.

Stsixipcko-orki.

Sokokotosko.

My father.

" mother.

" son.

" daughter.

" brother.

" younger.

" sister.

" uncle.

" aunt.

" cousin.

" grandfather.

" grand son.

" God father.

" God mother.

N'inna.

Nikrist.

N'orkowa.

N't'an.

N'îs.

N'iskan.

Ninists.

Nis.

N'ahars.

N'iskan.

N'ahars.

Nisokos.

Nit'onniskân.

Nit'okristsikân.

His head.

" hairs.

" face.

" eyes.

" eyebrows.

" eyelids.

" forehead.

" cheeks.

Otokân.

Orkoyekinisin.

Ostokris.

Owâpispists.

Omiyâbinân.

Omâpinân.

Onis.

Otsitsipinna.

| 66 | nose. |
|----|-------|
|----|-------|

" nostrils.

" ear.

" brain.

The mouth.

My lips.

" tooth.

" tongue.

The chin.

" throat.

" neck.

" shoulders.

My arm.

The elbow.

" hand.

" finger.

" thumb.

" nails.

" leg.

" knee.

" calf.

" thigh.

My foot.

The heel.

" back.

" belly.

" breast, teat.

" chest.

" bones.

" skin.

My flesh. "blood.

A coat. Breeches. Okrisis.

Otarkanioppikinikkân.

Ortokis.

Opi.

Mâhoy.

N'otonis.

N'orpikin.

N'atsiniy.

M'orpiskina.

M'okriston.

M'okkokin.

Orkatsikin,

N'otsîs.

M'okkinistis.

M'otis,

M'okitsis.

Omakkokitsis.

Aotânokitsis.

M'orkat.

M'otokris.

M'orkinân.

M'owâpisâk.

N'orkats.

M'otorton.

Mâkakin.

Mokowan.

Ounnikis.

Okin.

Orkin.

M'otokis.

N't'okrisakom.

Nahâban.

Asokâs.

Atsis, or, epotsisursâtis.

Shirt.
Stockings.
Hat.
Handkerchief.
Gloves.
Ring.

Starsi-sokâs.
Atoworsin.
Stsimokân.
Orkin.
Atsitsists.
Sâpikitsursâtis.

Grapes.
Strawberries.
Rasberries.
Gooseberries.
Cherries.
Apples.
Dry-apples.
Nuts.

Omaxini.
Otsitsini.
Otortoxini.
Paxinisimân.
Paxinikimân.
Omaxini.
Ortoiknky.
Apokstsi.

A horse.
"mare.
"colt.
"bull.
"ox.
"cow.
"calf.
"sheep.
"race horse.
"hog.
"wolf.
"cat.
"fox.
"hare.
"dog.

bitch.

Ponokâmita.
Skim.
Pannikow.
Stamik.
Apotskinaskeiniw.
Apotskinaskeiniw.
Onistars.
Omarkikina.
Ikkaminokâmita.
Exiniw.
Makkoyew.
Pous, or, enorksoyis.
Otâtoyew.
Atsista.
Emita.

Emita-skim.

|    |          | •              |
|----|----------|----------------|
| A  | puppy.   | Emita-ekowan.  |
| 66 | lion.    | Omarkatayo.    |
| 66 | monkey.  | Emâpitsiw.     |
| 66 | buffalo. | Iyiniwah.      |
| 66 | mouse.   | Sikitissow.    |
| 66 | dear.    | Ponoka.        |
| 66 | bear.    | Keyow.         |
| 66 | mice.    | <br>Kaneskina, |

A fish.

Wami,

Omakkomiw.

carp.

Kitorkomiw.

Xekoministikiw.

dab.

Istoyew.

A house. Nâpi-oyis. " tent. Oyis. " stair. Immisokâtis. " kitchen. Ahoyus'oyis. window. Kristikomistân. " chimney. Potâtsis. Txotoninimân. The chimney hearth. A camp's fire. Potâu. " roof. Itokakîmmâop.

A table.

" chair.

" bed.

" pillow.

" looking-glass.

" lamp.

" clock.

" watch.

Itesoyop.
Assopâtis.
Akisin.
Kiskâtis.
Asâpiâtis.
Anakimâtis.
Omakko-itoknotikomiôp.
Itekristikomiop.

A baker.

" tailor.

" doctor.

" merchant.

Itastokakiyakiôp.

Maxinitakina.

Esokinake.

Pommotapi, otoppommaw.

A bird.

" duck.

" game.

" hen.

" goose.

" geese.

" swan.

" eagle.

" owl.

" crow.

" rook.

" pheasant.

" snipe.

" swallow.

" bat.

" magpie.

" dove.

Pikkise, sestsîw.

Mitsikatsi.

Sâhex.

Nitâwâke.

Sisikanikimmi.

Sàhex.

Emakkayew.

Pîta.

Sepistow.

Mahestow.

Asastow.

Ketokew.

Siyotakiska.

Sixikapânisiw.

Motoyenistami.

Ikimaw.

Kakkow.

Tobacco.

Pipe.

My friend, give me some tabacco to smoke.

His pipe is broken, give him another one. Pistarkân.

Arkoyenimân.

Napi, epistarkokit, or, pistarkân kokit n'ark'otisis.

Eskaw otarkoyenimân, istsike kutsis.

Food.

Misery.

That woman suffers, she has no food, she is very hungry.

Ahorsin.

Kimmatâpisin.

Kimmatâpisiw amo akew, mâtsitsipâts utsohorsin, îkoy onotsîw.

Tears.

Toy.

Have courage, don't cry.

When you do good, then be glad.

Awâsenisin.

Itâwmâpisin.

Ekâkimât, pin'awâsenit.

Arsâpetapininiki, kennik itâwmâpit.

Thy father.

My mother.

Love thy father, for that the Lord will bless you.

I see my mother coming, she is old, come, see your children.

K'inna.

Nikrist.

Akomimmis k'inna, ki mortekimmok apistotokiw.

Nit'enowa nikrist, epoxapow. Kepitâkew, poxaput, sammissaw k'okosix.

Calgary.
Bow-river.
The great prairie.
MacLeod.
Edmonton.
Medecine Hat.
BlackfootCrossing.
Red-deer river.

Mckkinistis. Nâmarkân.

Sawki.

Makâbi'oyis.

O'makk'oyis.

Sâhammis.

Soyokpoworkoy.

Ponoka'sisartay.

White people.

French white people.

English "Blackfeet.

Blood-indians.

Piegans.
Sarcies.

Crees.

Stoney-indians.

Half-breed.

The yankees,

The negroes.

Xikristokix, or better, nåbikowex.

Nitsâbikowex.

Soyâbikowex.

Sixikowex.

Kenekowex.

Pieganekowex.

Sarsikowanak.

Assinaw.

Ayakitasikowan, or, sarsâbikowan.

Omakkristowan.

Sixâbikowan.

Religion.

He is a christian.

Church.

A pastor, a priest, a minister.

" school.

" school teacher.

" kettle.

" chief or king.

The Queen.

Reservation.

Atsimohikkân.

Atsimohikkaw.

Nâtoyâbi-oyis.

Nâtoyâbi-kowan.

Iskisinomâtsoki'oyis.

· Iskisinomâtsistorkena.

Isk.

Ninna, omaxinna,

Ninnâkew.

Otortoyiskân.

Soldiers, Mounted Police.

nce

Gun. Canon.

Sword.

Saddle.

Bridle.

Sterrips.

To ride.

Whip.

Ennakex.

Nâmaw.

Omaxinamaw.

Innostowan.

Ehêtân.

Iskovepistâtis.

Sâpikâkiyâtis.

Ikkitopiw.

Tsipisimâtis.

Do you understand what I say? Yes, I understand. Why, you don't speak? Where do you come from? I come from far. What news? Good news. Where are you going? I am going to the big chief. How do you do? Are you satisfied? We are satisfied, because we are in good healthwe have plenty to eat, there is no complaint.

Kate kitayortship n'tânissin?

Emani, n't'ayorts'ip.
Arsâts, ki mâtawânippâts?

Tsima ki mortsipoxapo?

Pîtsiw ni mortsîpoxapo. Tsânitetsinikkiôp? Arsiw etsinikisin, Tsima kitsitapo?

Nit'apasammaw o maxinna.

Tsânistapi kitsitapiwâsin? Kate kitsitâwmetapi?

Nitsitâmetapippinân, taka, ni mâtayortokosippinân, tsike omakko ahorsin, mâtsitsip mâtarsiw pohorsin.

Love.
Hotel.
Aurore, dawn.
Banner.
Battle.
Beauty.
Bible.
White.
Spoils.
Hill.
Corpse.
Comrade, friend.
Canon.
Bark canoe.

Steamboat.

Akomimmokisin.
Itâyopi.
Apinakow.
Awastam.
Otsiskâsin.
Arsisin.
Nâtoyâbisinâkisin.
Xixinatsiw.
Otsinamarkân.
Nitommo.
Stâho.
Nitxokowa, nitakka.
Sokkoye-nâmaw.
Enarkkarkiursâtis.

Istsi-arkiursâtis.

Hymn, song.

Belt.

Hunt.

Road.

Nail.

Horn.

Body.

My body.

Thy "

His "

A blanket.

Cypres.

Danger. Dance.

Dart.

Decision.

Flood.

Sleep.

Dormitory.

Down.

Eclipse.

Bark.

Lonesomeless.

Medecine.

Epsom salt.

Axe.

Hunger.

Arrow.

Foolishness.

Scabbard.

General of the army.

Garden.

Medecine man.

File.

Peace.

Pond.

Nâtoye-ninikkisin.

Mepisimâtis.

Sâmisin.

M'orsokoy,

Ististakisin.

Otskina.

M'ostom.

N'ostom.

K'ostom.

Ostom.

Nepistsi.

Parktôk.

Esitakisin, iskânâpi.

Paskân.

Sâpapistâtis.

Okâkitsimân.

Ikkanokakkoyew.

Okân.

Okâ-oyis.

Sâpop.

Oxikokow.

Otokistxis.

Awârpitisin.

Saham, apinimân.

Istsikxipokoy, aopâtorpi.

Kaxâkin.

Annotsin.

Apîssê.

Awatsâpisin.

Asottowan.

Ennakena.

Enisimân.

\_\_\_\_

Tsi-isapitapi.

Sesinita.

Ennastsisin.

Piskan.

What is your name? How many years are you old?

How many are your children?

I have not many they are all dead.

What do you say?

Where is your young brother?

Are you sick?

No, I am well, I have no complaint.

Are you tired?

Yes I am coming from far.

Give me something to eat, I am hungry.

I am thirsty.

Now, eat and drink, you will go after.

Are you pleased? I am glad to see you. What are you crying. My child is dead.

Good day, I am going
I am lonesome.

Make haste, your partners are leaving you.

Tsânistapi kit'sinikâsim? Tsânitsimek kit'istoyemists?

Tsânitsimek k'okosix?

Mat'akayimmiyaw, etsinika spatsikoy etapoyaw.

Tsâkitawâni?

Anâts k'iskan?

Ki kate-ayortokôs? Sa, arsiw, mâtsikiwâts.

Ki kat'esistikow?

Emani, taka, pîtsiw, ni mortsipoxapo.

Kokit n'askxoyis, taka nit'onôts.

Nit'sinâki.

Oki! ahoyit, ke simmit, akika, kit'a-yarkarkay.

Ki kate tsitâwmetapi?

Nit'arsitaki, kit'enorse.

Arsâts kit awâseni?

N'okos mâtsikamotaw.

Arsiw kristikoy, nit'akomato. nit'ekkikinitaki.

Anitakit, kit otopokomix kit estkitsokiyaw.

| Wonderful.        | Pissatâpîw.   |                |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| He loves him.     | Akomimmiw.    | I love him.    | nit'akomim-      |  |  |  |  |  |
| " hates him.      | Akimmiw.      |                | maw.             |  |  |  |  |  |
| " hides it.       |               | "hide it.      | nit'sikrisatop.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| " carries it.     | Aweportom.    | "carry it.     | nit'aweportop.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| " believes him.   |               | "believe him.  | nit'simetowaw    |  |  |  |  |  |
| " steals.         |               | " steal.       | nit'sikamos.     |  |  |  |  |  |
| " says.           | Awâniw.       | " say.         | nit'awân.        |  |  |  |  |  |
| " tells him.      |               | "tell him.     | nit'awânistaw.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| " gives.          | Apikkaw.      | "give.         | nit'apikkaw.     |  |  |  |  |  |
| " gives him.      | Orkotsiw.     | "give him.     | nit'orkotaw.     |  |  |  |  |  |
| " writes.         | Esinâkew.     | "write.        | nit'esinâke.     |  |  |  |  |  |
| " writes to him.  | Esinamoyew.   | "write to him. | nit'esinamo-     |  |  |  |  |  |
| " hears.          | Ayortsim.     |                | waw.             |  |  |  |  |  |
| " hears him.      | Ayortoyew.    | "hear.         | nit'ayortsip.    |  |  |  |  |  |
| " makes it.       | Apistotsim.   | "hear him.     | nit'ayotowaw     |  |  |  |  |  |
| " finishes it.    | Ekristotsim.  | "make it.      | nit'apistotsip.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| " is cured.       | Etisiw.       | "finish it.    | nit'ekristotsip. |  |  |  |  |  |
| " cures him.      | Kâmôtsîw.     |                |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| " esteems him.    | Arsimmiw.     | "cure him.     | nit'sikâmotsaw   |  |  |  |  |  |
| " is growing.     | Estawâsiw.    | "esteem him.   | nit'arsimmaw.    |  |  |  |  |  |
| " is in haste.    | Anitakiw.     |                |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| " is happy.       | Arsitakiw.    |                |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| " is an idolater. | Awâtoyetapi-  |                |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                   | hikkâsiw.     |                |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| " is unbeliever.  | Sâyetâkiw.    |                |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| " is baptised.    | Atowâpistoto- |                |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *                 | waw.          |                | ı                |  |  |  |  |  |

Now, my children, you have finished to read this; try to be good and wise. Don't follow the example of bad children. Be always good men. God will bless you and you will be happy.

Oki! N'okosix, kitekrist'asâtsippowaw amo sinâkisin. Ekâkimâk, arsâpêitapik, mokâkik. Pin'itotawâwakâk makâpisix o morsokowa. Nitoy arsoskitsipappisix anistapisix. Apistotokiw, k'innon, kit ayaxikowatsokiyaw, ke îköy kit ayarktsitâmawpippowaw.

THE END.

ANN ETSINIKA.



## **VICTORIA**

OUR GRACIOUS QUEEN.

Ninn'akew Victoria.

Iyixinnâkew.

God save our gracious Queen,
Long may Victoria reign,
God save the Queen!
Send her victorious,
Happy and glorious,
Long to reign over us,
God save the Queen!

O Lord our God arise,
Scatter her enemies,
And make them fall;
Confound their politics,
Frustrate their knavish tricks,
On thee our hopes we fix,
God save the Queen!

Thy choicest gifts in store
On her be pleased to pour,
Long may she reign;
May she defend our laws,
And ever give us cause
To sing with heart and voice:
God save the Queen!









